Digital Literacy

DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP:

Internet Safety:

A digitally literate person stays safe on the Internet by employing strategies such as distinguishing between inappropriate contact and positive connections.

Privacy And Security:

A digitally literate person knows how to protect their privacy, respects the privacy of others and employs strategies to maintain information and data security online.

Relationships And Communication:

A digitally literate person understands the risks and benefits of developing online relationships and uses technology to communicate effectively and respectfully.

Cyberbullying:

A digitally literate person recognises cyberbullying and knows how to deal with it.

Self-image And Identity:

A digitally literate person understands the nature of self-image and identity in the online environment, how our perceptions of others and our social values may be manipulated and that people may not be what or whom they appear to be online.

Creative Credit And Copyright:

A digitally literate person respects other's ownership of their digital creations.

Digital Footprint And Reputation:

A digitally literate person is aware that his/her activities on the Internet leave a permanent "digital footprint" or "trail" and behaves accordingly.

Legal And Ethical Aspects:

A digitally literate person behaves appropriately and in a socially responsible way in digital environments, demonstrating awareness and knowledge of legal and ethical aspects on the use of ICT and digital content.

DIGITAL LEARNING:

Interacting And Collaboration:

A digitally literate person connects, shares, communicates, and collaborates with others effectively **in digital environments.**

Producing:

A digitally literate person is aware of most relevant or common technologies and is able to decide upon the most appropriate technology according to the purpose or need at hand.

A digitally literate person confidently and creatively applies digital technologies to increase personal effectiveness and efficiency.

A digitally literate person actively and constantly explores emerging technologies, integrates them in his/her environment and uses them for lifelong learning.

Data and Computational Thinking:

A digitally literate person knows the basics (terminology, navigation, functionality) of digital devices and can use them for basic purposes.