

REFLECTIVENESS - SELF MANAGEMENT

NEW ENTRANT <-----

--> YEAR 8

					> TEAR 0
PLANNING - Evaluating own work and strengths, thinking about where you are going and how will get there	Manage personal belongings (school bag, lunch box, uniform) Listen and share in groups Share their intent	Manage personal and classroom belongings and equipment Respond to questions Share intent and gathering tools Talk about next steps for learning Set short term goals with support	Manage learning tools and are prepared for learning Plan within a framework Begin to prioritise time Complete work in a timely manner Begin to identify own next steps Set and revise goals with support	Be prepared for learning Evaluate assessment data, identify own next steps and what has been achieved Identify if they have been successful/learnt the concept being taught	Evaluate assessment data Set own next steps for learning and reporting to parents
REVISING - Being flexible, monitoring and reviewing, seeing new opportunities	Manage failure or losing Accept things not going their way Work with a variety of others	Accept things have failed and be prepared to try something new Work and co-operate across year levels	Recognise that something is not working and needs assistance to redirect learning	Recognise that something is not working, they may need assistance to redirect learning	Monitor own learning and can adjust Recognise when a change of direction is needed and can make the change
DISTILLING - Designing and organising learning activities, transferring skills to new learning	Make independent choices according to interest Complete tasks with guidance	Begin to make purposeful choices from given options Complete tasks within set time	Recognise own needs and begin to choose from a limited number of options Begin to prioritise time to complete set tasks	Sign up to appropriate workshops and manage their own timetable Prioritise time to complete set tasks	Design and manage their own timetable
META-LEARNING - Knowing yourself as a learner, how you learn best, how to talk about the learning process	Become aware of themselves as a learner	Talk about their learning (good/bad, liked/disliked) Take pride in learning	Reflect on what worked well and what could be changed Recognise that there are different ways we learn	Recognise learning styles/ preferences and select best fits - time, task self Reflect on the stages in their process - what worked, what would I do differently	Recognise and engage in a range of learning styles



RELATING - SELF MANAGEMENT

NEW ENTRANT <----

--> YEAR 8

					> TEAR 0
INTERDEPENDENCE - Knowing when to learn on your own or with others, stand your ground in a debate	Make good choices Have an opinion	Make good choices for learning and behaviour Recognise that you can have a different opinion	Make deliberate choices for learning Realise that it is okay to have a differing opinion	Make the deliberate choices for their learning and can justify this with peers Put forward their opinion with some justification and can accept the opinions of others	Make deliberate choices that are best for their learning Justify, argue and reason to come up with a shared solution
COLLABORATION - Knowing how to manage yourself in a collaborative venture	Work in a small group	Cooperate in group situations Work as a part of a team	Participate and contribute in group/class situations Compromise and accept direction in group situations	Recognise the need for collaboration and contribute Delegate and accept direction in group situations	Actively seek people they can collaborate with, to suit the purpose
EMPATHY AND LISTENING - Listening to peers, giving and taking feedback, putting yourself in someone else's shoes, empathising	Play alongside and with peers Show kindness to others Form positive relationships	Understand what it means to be a good friend Recognise and respond to their own and others' emotions Maintain positive relationships	Get along with a variety of people in a range of contexts Show empathy to others Maintain positive relationships	Understand that everyone is individual and has strengths and weaknesses Offer constructive feedback	Appreciate that everyone is individual and has strengths and weaknesses Offer and accept constructive feedback
TAKING PERSPECTIVES - Respecting and recognising viewpoints, drawing on strengths of others	Get on with others	Ask for help and seeks to help others Listen to others point of view	Acknowledge different viewpoints Help without prompting Recognise a need for support and seek assistance from correct sources	Recognise the strengths of their classmates Seek help from appropriate peers Recognise individual workflow/needs	Recognise other people's strengths and actively seek them in a working relationship Understand and accept individual workflow/needs



RESILIENCE - SELF MANAGEMENT

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ABSORPTION - Lose yourself in learning	Work in small groups Remain engaged for short periods of time	Work independently and in groups Remain engaged to complete tasks	Work in a range of situations individually and collaboratively Remain on task and engaged for extended time	Want to continue their learning Engage in tasks, use initiative	Want to continue their learning and share/inspire/teach others
PERSEVERANCE - Crafting, working through problems	Complete simple tasks	Use teacher supported problem solving to complete tasks	Recognise that they are in the pit and search for alternative ways to problem solve	Recognise they are in learning pit and identify their setbacks Problem solve to keep moving forward out of the pit Seek help to get out of the pit	Stick with it to get out of the learning pit Have strategies to deal with setbacks and disappointment
MANAGING DISTRACTIONS - Being patient and focused	Follow single step instructions Takes turns with support Share resources	Independently follow two step instructions Take turns in groups Find and share resources	Maintain focus to follow multiple instructions Take turns independently Support others to use and share resources	Identify distractions and begin make choices to minimise these (move away), make smart choices for learning	Be proactive about minimising distractions Action/model patience - help others to get there
NOTICING - Perceiving subtleties	Recognise right and wrong behaviour	Seek support when needed Truthfully state own involvement	Begin to resolve basic problems Accept responsibility for own actions	Recognise that people respond non verbally and begin to read the situation	Read other people's responses, body language and tone



RESOURCEFULNESS - SELF MANAGEMENT

NEW ENTRANT <---

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INQUISITIVE - Asking questions, researching, taking risks, choosing learning	Engage with activities and conversation Make statements	Ask closed questions State an opinion Try new things Choose materials suitable for the task	Ask open questions State an opinion with reasons Know that it is important to take risks Choose materials to support the learning activity	Be aware of the learning pit Be willing to take risks Use the language of growth mindset	Actively seek knowledge Ask rich questions Step outside their comfort zone, deliberately choosing to get into the learning pit and drag others in with them
MAKING LINKS - Seeing connections, building patterns of understanding	Begin to make connections to current activity	Make connections to personal experience Make connections between activity prior knowledge Understand there is connection between actions	Make connections to self and community Acknowledge that a wider community and world exists Understand connection between action and consequence	Make connections to their own experiences, to the wider world Acknowledge they have a place in the community and world	Connect with the wider world Analyse / Evaluate
IMAGINING - Using mental imagery, looking for links, explore possibilities, wonder - what if?	Engage in imaginative play	Form questions Display curiosity Problem solves in play using materials	Use descriptive language to convey images Ask and seek to solve questions Talk about real world problems	Be aware of divergent thinking Create solutions to real world problems	Come up with own ideas for passion projects - authentic, purposeful
REASONING - Using logical and rational skills to work things out, construct good arguments, spotting flaws in others	Problem solving during play Construct using large materials (blocks)	Problem solve and justify a solution Form an opinion	Give and support a differing opinion Explain why something will or will not work	Use computational thinking Explain /justify Use the "Black Hat" - evaluative thinking	Justify, argue and reason to come up with a shared solution
CAPITALISING - Drawing on the full range of resources from the wider world - other people, books, internet, past experiences, future opportunities	Talk about their own world and people Enjoy listening to and looking at books Gain enjoyment from visual information	Draw on past experiences and knowledge Choose from a selection of resources appropriate to task	Search for useful resources Apply past experiences to task Begin to sort resources according to usefulness	Thinks critically Begin to understand validity of sources and resources	Think critically Seek validity Actively seek appropriate resources from the wider community/world